## § 146.83

- (c)(2), (3), (4), (6), (7), and (10) of this section:
- (2) Any relevant updates, based on data obtained during logging and testing of the well and the formation as required by paragraphs (c)(3), (4), (6), (7), and (10) of this section, to the information on the geologic structure and hydrogeologic properties of the proposed storage site and overlying formations, submitted to satisfy the requirements of paragraph (a)(3) of this section:
- (3) Information on the compatibility of the carbon dioxide stream with fluids in the injection zone(s) and minerals in both the injection and the confining zone(s), based on the results of the formation testing program, and with the materials used to construct the well;
- (4) The results of the formation testing program required at paragraph (a)(8) of this section;
- (5) Final injection well construction procedures that meet the requirements of § 146.86:
- (6) The status of corrective action on wells in the area of review;
- (7) All available logging and testing program data on the well required by §146.87;
- (8) A demonstration of mechanical integrity pursuant to §146.89;
- (9) Any updates to the proposed area of review and corrective action plan, testing and monitoring plan, injection well plugging plan, post-injection site care and site closure plan, or the emergency and remedial response plan submitted under paragraph (a) of this section, which are necessary to address new information collected during logging and testing of the well and the formation as required by all paragraphs of this section, and any updates to the alternative post-injection site care timeframe demonstration submitted under paragraph (a) of this section, which are necessary to address new information collected during the logging and testing of the well and the formation as required by all paragraphs of this section; and
- (10) Any other information requested by the Director.
- (d) Owners or operators seeking a waiver of the requirement to inject below the lowermost USDW must also

refer to §146.95 and submit a supplemental report, as required at §146.95(a). The supplemental report is not part of the permit application.

#### §146.83 Minimum criteria for siting.

- (a) Owners or operators of Class VI wells must demonstrate to the satisfaction of the Director that the wells will be sited in areas with a suitable geologic system. The owners or operators must demonstrate that the geologic system comprises:
- (1) An injection zone(s) of sufficient areal extent, thickness, porosity, and permeability to receive the total anticipated volume of the carbon dioxide stream:
- (2) Confining zone(s) free of transmissive faults or fractures and of sufficient areal extent and integrity to contain the injected carbon dioxide stream and displaced formation fluids and allow injection at proposed maximum pressures and volumes without initiating or propagating fractures in the confining zone(s).
- (b) The Director may require owners or operators of Class VI wells to identify and characterize additional zones that will impede vertical fluid movement, are free of faults and fractures that may interfere with containment, allow for pressure dissipation, and provide additional opportunities for monitoring, mitigation, and remediation.

# § 146.84 Area of review and corrective action.

- (a) The area of review is the region surrounding the geologic sequestration project where USDWs may be endangered by the injection activity. The area of review is delineated using computational modeling that accounts for the physical and chemical properties of all phases of the injected carbon dioxide stream and is based on available site characterization, monitoring, and operational data.
- (b) The owner or operator of a Class VI well must prepare, maintain, and comply with a plan to delineate the area of review for a proposed geologic sequestration project, periodically reevaluate the delineation, and perform

corrective action that meets the requirements of this section and is acceptable to the Director. The requirement to maintain and implement an approved plan is directly enforceable regardless of whether the requirement is a condition of the permit. As a part of the permit application for approval by the Director, the owner or operator must submit an area of review and corrective action plan that includes the following information:

- (1) The method for delineating the area of review that meets the requirements of paragraph (c) of this section, including the model to be used, assumptions that will be made, and the site characterization data on which the model will be based:
  - (2) A description of:
- (i) The minimum fixed frequency, not to exceed five years, at which the owner or operator proposes to reevaluate the area of review:
- (ii) The monitoring and operational conditions that would warrant a re-evaluation of the area of review prior to the next scheduled reevaluation as determined by the minimum fixed frequency established in paragraph (b)(2)(i) of this section.
- (iii) How monitoring and operational data (e.g., injection rate and pressure) will be used to inform an area of review reevaluation; and
- (iv) How corrective action will be conducted to meet the requirements of paragraph (d) of this section, including what corrective action will be performed prior to injection and what, if any, portions of the area of review will have corrective action addressed on a phased basis and how the phasing will be determined; how corrective action will be adjusted if there are changes in the area of review; and how site access will be guaranteed for future corrective action.
- (c) Owners or operators of Class VI wells must perform the following actions to delineate the area of review and identify all wells that require corrective action:
- (1) Predict, using existing site characterization, monitoring and operational data, and computational modeling, the projected lateral and vertical migration of the carbon dioxide plume and formation fluids in the subsurface

from the commencement of injection activities until the plume movement ceases, until pressure differentials sufficient to cause the movement of injected fluids or formation fluids into a USDW are no longer present, or until the end of a fixed time period as determined by the Director. The model must:

- (i) Be based on detailed geologic data collected to characterize the injection zone(s), confining zone(s) and any additional zones; and anticipated operating data, including injection pressures, rates, and total volumes over the proposed life of the geologic sequestration project:
- (ii) Take into account any geologic heterogeneities, other discontinuities, data quality, and their possible impact on model predictions; and
- (iii) Consider potential migration through faults, fractures, and artificial penetrations.
- (2) Using methods approved by the Director, identify all penetrations, including active and abandoned wells and underground mines, in the area of review that may penetrate the confining zone(s). Provide a description of each well's type, construction, date drilled, location, depth, record of plugging and/or completion, and any additional information the Director may require; and
- (3) Determine which abandoned wells in the area of review have been plugged in a manner that prevents the movement of carbon dioxide or other fluids that may endanger USDWs, including use of materials compatible with the carbon dioxide stream.
- (d) Owners or operators of Class VI wells must perform corrective action on all wells in the area of review that are determined to need corrective action, using methods designed to prevent the movement of fluid into or between USDWs, including use of materials compatible with the carbon dioxide stream, where appropriate.
- (e) At the minimum fixed frequency, not to exceed five years, as specified in the area of review and corrective action plan, or when monitoring and operational conditions warrant, owners or operators must:

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- (1) Reevaluate the area of review in the same manner specified in paragraph (c)(1) of this section:
- (2) Identify all wells in the reevaluated area of review that require corrective action in the same manner specified in paragraph (c) of this section;
- (3) Perform corrective action on wells requiring corrective action in the reevaluated area of review in the same manner specified in paragraph (d) of this section; and
- (4) Submit an amended area of review and corrective action plan or demonstrate to the Director through monitoring data and modeling results that no amendment to the area of review and corrective action plan is needed. Any amendments to the area of review and corrective action plan must be approved by the Director, must be incorporated into the permit, and are subject to the permit modification requirements at §144.39 or §144.41 of this chapter, as appropriate.
- (f) The emergency and remedial response plan (as required by §146.94) and the demonstration of financial responsibility (as described by §146.85) must account for the area of review delineated as specified in paragraph (c)(1) of this section or the most recently evaluated area of review delineated under paragraph (e) of this section, regardless of whether or not corrective action in the area of review is phased.
- (g) All modeling inputs and data used to support area of review reevaluations under paragraph (e) of this section shall be retained for 10 years.

### § 146.85 Financial responsibility.

- (a) The owner or operator must demonstrate and maintain financial responsibility as determined by the Director that meets the following conditions:
- (1) The financial responsibility instrument(s) used must be from the following list of qualifying instruments:
  - (i) Trust Funds.
  - (ii) Surety Bonds.
  - (iii) Letter of Credit.
  - (iv) Insurance.
- (v) Self Insurance (i.e., Financial Test and Corporate Guarantee).
  - (vi) Escrow Account.
- (vii) Any other instrument(s) satisfactory to the Director.

- (2) The qualifying instrument(s) must be sufficient to cover the cost of:
- (i) Corrective action (that meets the requirements of §146.84);
- (ii) Injection well plugging (that meets the requirements of §146.92);
- (iii) Post injection site care and site closure (that meets the requirements of §146.93); and
- (iv) Emergency and remedial response (that meets the requirements of §146.94).
- (3) The financial responsibility instrument(s) must be sufficient to address endangerment of underground sources of drinking water.
- (4) The qualifying financial responsibility instrument(s) must comprise protective conditions of coverage.
- (i) Protective conditions of coverage must include at a minimum cancellation, renewal, and continuation provisions, specifications on when the provider becomes liable following a notice of cancellation if there is a failure to renew with a new qualifying financial instrument, and requirements for the provider to meet a minimum rating, minimum capitalization, and ability to pass the bond rating when applicable.
- (A) Cancellation—for purposes of this part, an owner or operator must provide that their financial mechanism may not cancel, terminate or fail to renew except for failure to pay such financial instrument. If there is a failure to pay the financial instrument, the financial institution may elect to cancel, terminate, or fail to renew the instrument by sending notice by certified mail to the owner or operator and the Director. The cancellation must not be final for 120 days after receipt of cancellation notice. The owner or operator must provide an alternate financial responsibility demonstration within 60 days of notice of cancellation, and if an alternate financial responsibility demonstration is not acceptable (or possible), any funds from the instrument being cancelled must be released within 60 days of notification by the Director.
- (B) Renewal—for purposes of this part, owners or operators must renew all financial instruments, if an instrument expires, for the entire term of the